

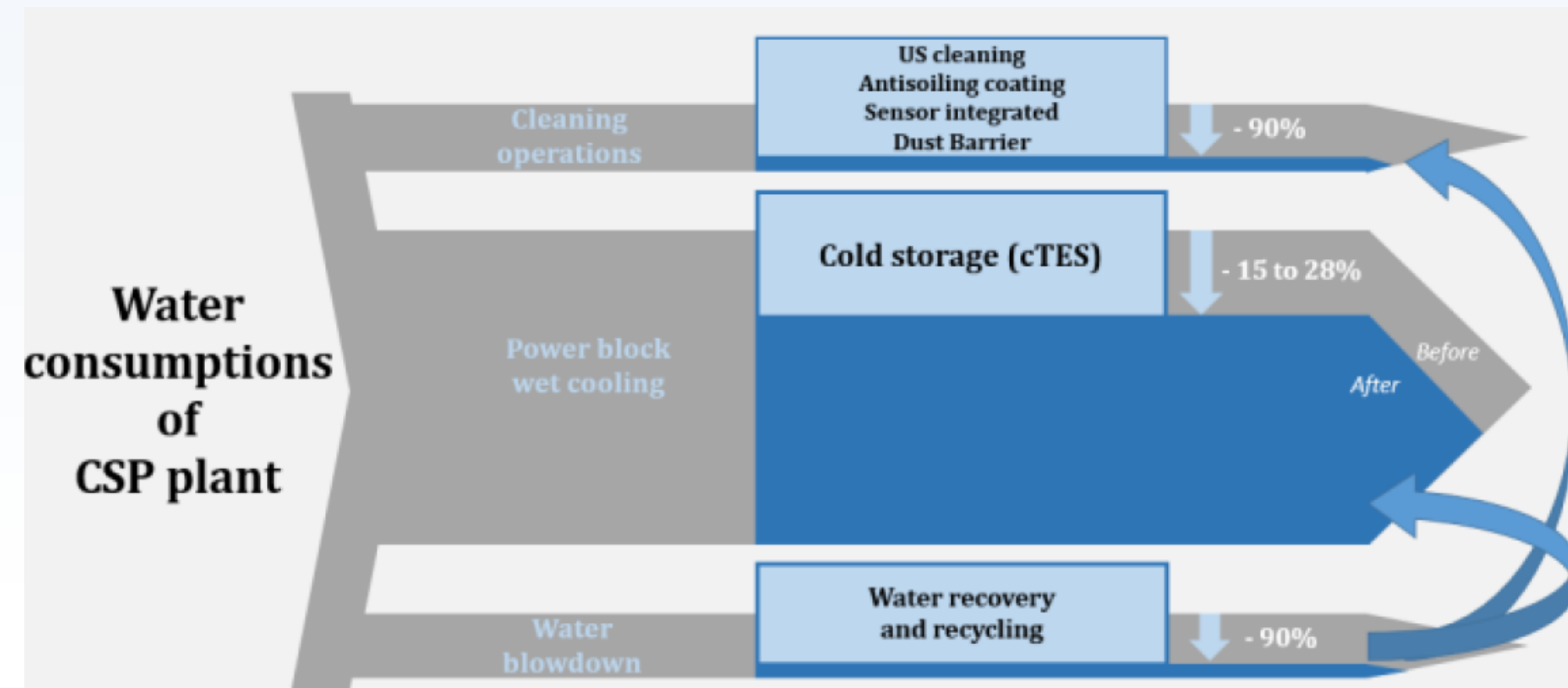
Industrial-scale Prototype of cTES for Water Consumption Reduction and Power Block Efficiency Improvement - SOLWATT PROJECT



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SOLWATT PROJECT



SOLWATT's objectives for reduction of water consumption:

- 90% for cleaning
- 15% to 28% for condenser cooling
- 90% for recovery and recycling water

Then, a total reduction of water consumption by:

- 35 % for a wet cooled CSP plant
- 90 % for a dry cooled CSP plant

“The overall purpose of the SOLWATT project is to upscale, implement and demonstrate cost-effective technologies and strategies that bring about a significant reduction of water of CSP plants while ensuring excellent performance of electrical power production.”

WASCOP (2015-2019)

COOLING

- Water/rock thermocline
- Air/rock thermocline
- Hybrid cooling (wet/dry)
- Versatile cooling (dry with spray)

CLEANING

- Dust barrier
- Anti-soiling/self cleaning coating for absorber
- Anti-soiling/self cleaning coating for reflector
- Soiling characterization devices
- Innovative cleaning systems

SOLWATT (2018-2022)

COOLING

- Water thermocline 1000 m³

CLEANING

- Dust barrier
- Anti-soiling/self cleaning coating for absorber
- Anti-soiling/self cleaning coating for reflector
- Ultrasonic cleaner
- Soiling sensor

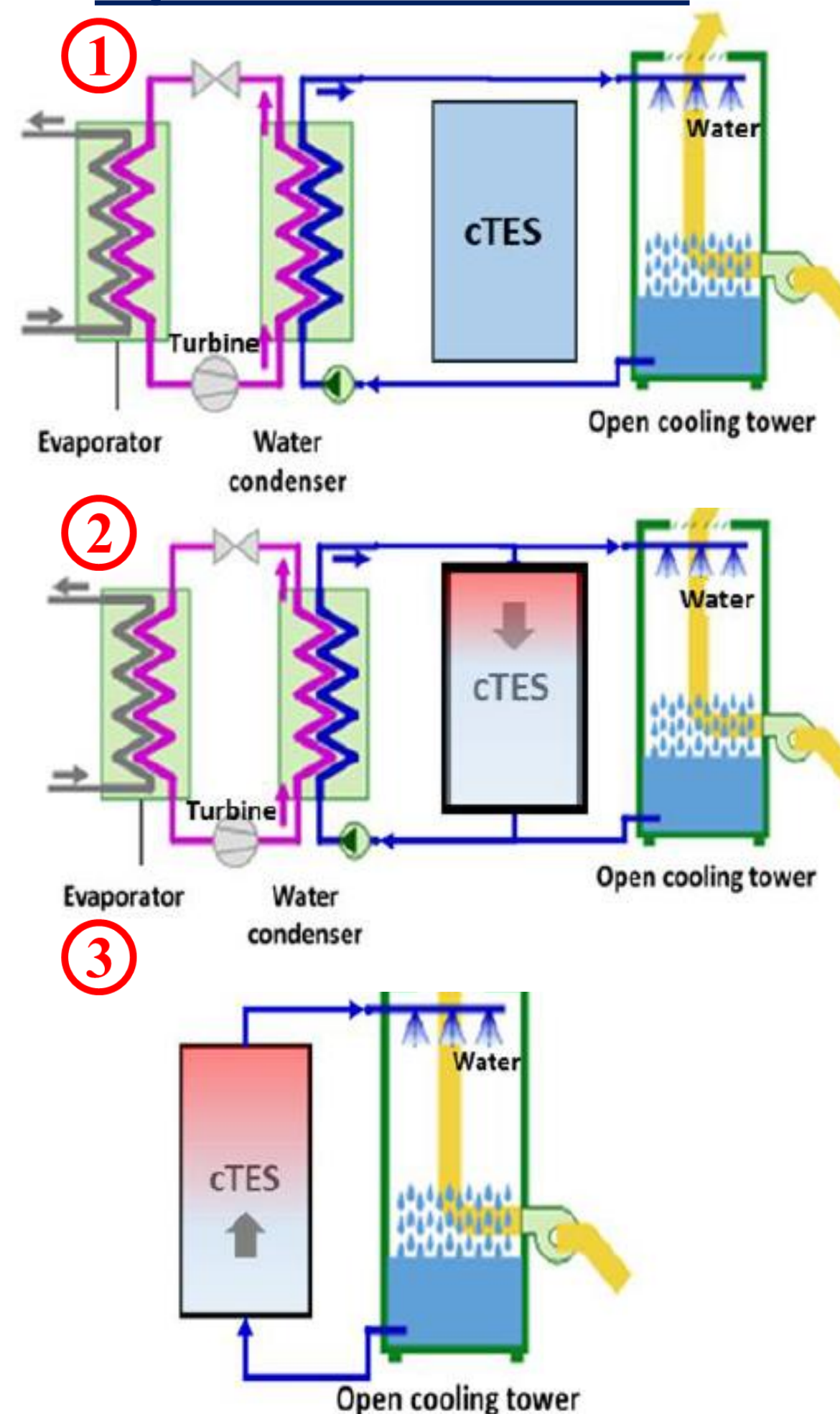
WATER RECOVERY

Upscale and test in La Africana

cTES for optimized condenser cooling

cTES main tasks in SOLWATT

Operations of cTES



1. Moderate to high ambient temperatures:
NO USE of cTES
2. Too high ambient temperatures:
Partial storage of condenser heat in the cTES
3. Nocturnal operation:
Discharge of the cTES

- Water consumption reduction in a wet cooled plant
- Increase of performances in a dry cooled CSP
- Easily implemented in existing plant or built into new plant
- Low CAPEX: excavated pond rather than aboveground tank

Main objective of SOLWATT project for cooling part is the validation at industrial-scale of the relevancy of the cTES concept

- Detailed design for the cTES prototype
- cTES engineering for installation and exploitation on La Africana CSP power plant
- Development of cTES control laws for optimal operations
 - Expert laws
 - Predictive control strategy based on MILP approach
- cTES construction
- cTES exploitation
 - Results analysis
 - Numerical model validation
- Study/optimization of related components (fluid distribution, membrane etc...)
- Estimation of benefits related to cTES depending on cooling configuration (dry or wet) and power plant locations
- ...

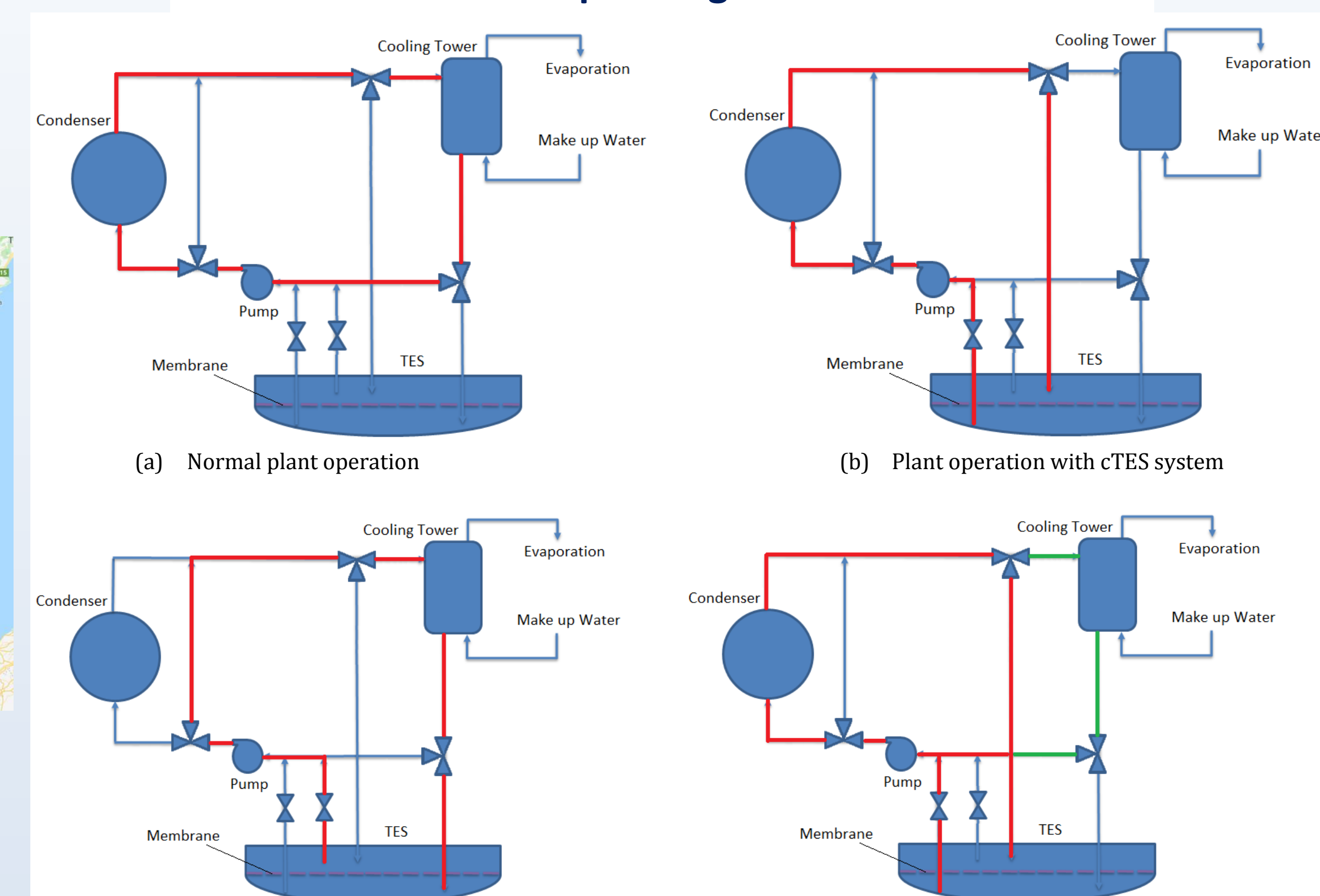
cTES Prototype in La Africana CSP power plant



Example of Pit-storage for district heating (<http://sunstore4.eu/understand/gallery>)

- 1000 m³ water thermocline cTES
- Pit-storage configuration
- cTES in parallel with the existing wet cooling tower
- Membrane at the water/air interface to reduce heat transfer and water loss
- Flexible membrane to separate hot and cold water?
- cTES prototype large enough to allow representative characterization at real-scale and small enough to not interfere with the power plant cooling system

cTES operating modes



Power plant name	La Africana
Country	Spain (Posodas, near Sevilla)
Owners	Ortiz/TSK/Magtel
Technology	Parabolic trough
Turbine capacity	50 MW gross
Cooling system	Open wet cooling tower
Start year	2012

